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H3 Biomedicine in active discussions for co-developing its cancer genomics programs - CEO

H3 Biomedicine is in talks with pharma companies to co-develop one or more of its Phase I drugs that are based on its cancer genomics platform, said CEO Markus Warmuth.

The goal is to find a partner by in 2018, the CEO noted, though stressed that H3 wants to gain a strategic partner that will help them impact the specific space and will not enter into a partnership if they don't find the right deal. Warmuth declined to elaborate on the status of discussions, but added that they are beyond very early talks.

Cambridge, Massachusetts-based H3 was recently in discussions with **Eisai** (TYO:4523), the company from which it had spun out in 2011, to explore other routes to further advance H3's clinical program, said Warmuth. H3 Biomedicine was launched in 2011 with a USD 200m funding commitment from Fisai

H3's ongoing clinical programs include three Phase I studies: H3B-6545, an estrogen receptor modulator in a recently initiated Phase I study (NCT03250676); H3B-6527, a fibroblast growth factor receptor 4 inhibitor in a Phase I hepatocellular carcinoma study (NCT02834780); and H3B-8800, an orally bioavailable small molecule modulator of wild-type and mutant splicing factor 3b complex in a Phase I (NCT02841540) for patients with myelodysplastic syndromes, acute myeloid leukemia and chronic myelomonocytic leukemia.

All three investigational drugs have been found to be well tolerated and are still in the doseescalation stage since they have not reached a maximum tolerated doses, said Warmuth. The trials are expected to have a recommended Phase II dose for expansion cohorts in 3-6 months, he added.

The company is most interested in a co-development partnership, or one that allows it to be involved in the program in the future, said Warmuth. A potential pharma partner will ideally have expertise in hematological malignancies, breast cancer or hepatocellular carcinoma, and have a complementary portfolio to H3.

While the company is not focused on partnering a specific program, H3 is not thinking of partnering all of them, said Warmuth. If there is a larger pharma company interested in codeveloping two of H3's assets it would entertain those discussions, he added.

The company has built a data bank of genomic and transcriptomic information of over 100,000 patients, which it is using in different stages of drug discovery, said Warmuth. H3's cancer genomics-based platform leverages genomic and transcriptomic information that relates to alternate and aberrant splicing, he added. For example, H3B-8800 attacks the core spliceosome in case of an aberrant splicing event, leading to a death spiral, said Warmuth.

In the first half of the dose-escalation study, the company plans to use a DNA sequencing panel to stratify patients on the basis of mutations that lead to these aberrant splicing events, he added. The dose-expansion arms will be selecting patients on the basis of a positive diagnostic test, said Warmuth. In some indications, he added, these mutations could be frequent enough to allow for an all-comer trial, and a decision will be taken as the dose-expansion cohorts start enrolling.

by Manasi Vaidya in New York

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Eisai Co., Ltd.

Drug(s)

*H3B-6527

*H3B-6545

*H3B-8800

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NCT02834780 NCT02841540

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Mechanism(s)

Estrogen Receptor Alpha-36 Modulator Fibroblast Growth Factor-4 (FGF-4) Inhibitor

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